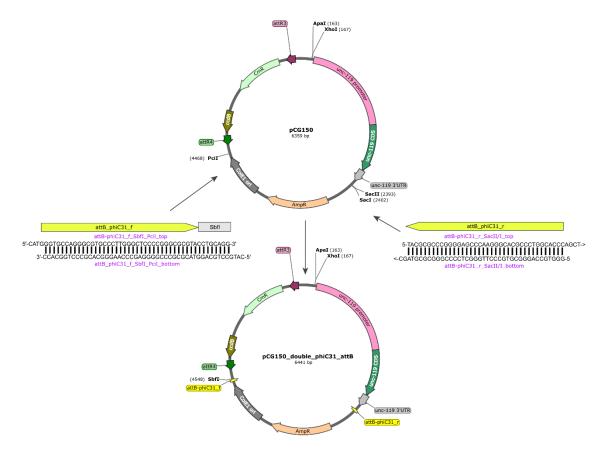
## Supplementary Figure S1



**Supplementary Figure S1. Construction of pCG150\_double\_phiC31\_attB plasmid**. pCG150 was modified by inserting one phiC31 attB site just downstream the *unc-119* rescuing fragment and the other attB site plus a *Sbf*l site close to the Gateway attR4 site. The two oligos, attB-phiC31\_f\_*Sbf*l\_*Pci*l\_top and attB-phiC31\_f\_*Sbf*l\_*Pci*l\_bottom, were annealed and inserted into the *Pci*l site of pCG150 at position 4468 (Merritt et al., 2008) to generate a forward phiC31 attB site followed by a *Sbf*l site. Another two oligos, attB-phiC31\_r\_*Sac*II/I\_top and attB-phiC31\_r\_*Sac*II/I\_bottom, were annealed and inserted into the *Sac*II-*Sac*I section at position 2390 to generate the reverse direction attB site. Oligo sequences are in **Supplementary Table S3**. A construct intended to be inserted into the phiC31 attP landing site in the *C. elegans* genome could be put into pCG150\_double\_phiC31\_attB at the *Sbf*I/*Apa*I sites by conventional cloning or at the R4-R3 site through Gateway cloning.