Supp. Figure 3

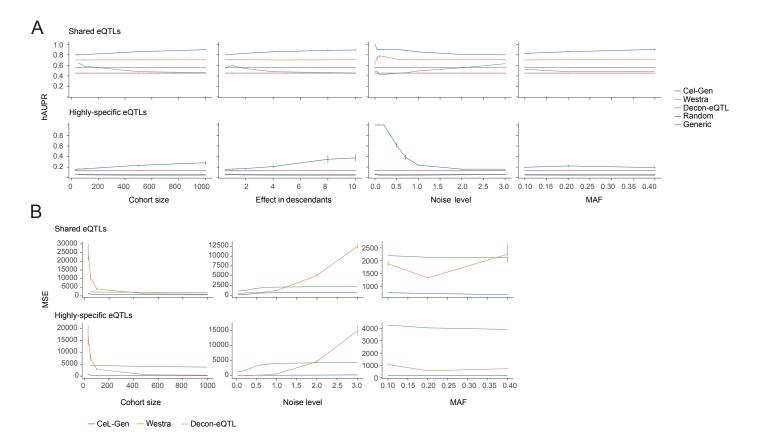


Figure S3: Benchmarking using synthetic data: switch-off data. (**A**) Analysis of the ability to identify the correct branch of alteration, in the case of switch-off simulations. Shown is the area under the hierarchical precision and recall curve (hAUPR, *y* axis), for different prediction methods (color coded) and across data parameter values (*x* axis). Error bars: 95% confidence intervals of hAUPR values. In all cases, cell type composition was inferred (through deconvolution method). Results are shown for synthetic datasets of shared (top) and highly-specific (bottom) eQTLs. (**B**) Analysis of the ability to identify the correct effect size, in the case of switch-off simulations. Shown is the mean squared error between the simulated and predicted effect size (MSE, *y* axis, with 95% confidence intervals) for different methods (color coding) across data parameter values (*x* axis). In all cases, cell type composition was inferred through deconvolution method. Results are shown for synthetic datasets of shared (top) across data parameter values (*x* axis). In all cases, cell type composition was inferred through deconvolution method. Results are shown for synthetic datasets of shared (top) and highly-specific (bottom) eQTLs.