

Table S2 – High-confidence QTL effects in Ames-H and NAM-H, based on GWAS models and BSLMMs

| Trait | Chr. | Position | Ames-H | | | | NAM-H | | | |
|------------|------|-------------|-------------|--------------|---|-------------|-------------|--------------|--|-------------|
| | | | AF | Effect | p (FDR) | WPIP | AF | Effect | p (FDR) | WPIP |
| DTS | 1 | 5,819,499 | 0.76 | 0.14 | 0.37 (0.99) | < 0.01 | 0.86 | 0.76 | 1.8×10⁻¹⁰ (8.0×10⁻⁷) | 0.93 |
| | 1 | 6,246,295 | 0.61 | -0.31 | 0.022 (0.81) | < 0.01 | 0.80 | 0.48 | 1.1×10⁻⁵ (0.011) | 0.92 |
| | 2 | 225,200,515 | 0.99 | 1.20 | 0.019 (0.80) | < 0.01 | 0.91 | 0.74 | 4.1×10⁻⁷ (7.4×10⁻⁴) | 0.73 |
| | 2 | 225,463,382 | 0.61 | 0.18 | 0.19 (0.99) | < 0.01 | 0.77 | 0.59 | 2.2×10⁻⁸ (6.2×10⁻⁵) | 0.90 |
| | 3 | 161,016,441 | 0.58 | -0.86 | 7.3×10⁻⁹ (2.6×10⁻³) | 0.55 | 0.88 | -0.51 | 2.8×10 ⁻⁴ (0.13) | 0.01 |
| | 4 | 202,429,351 | 0.96 | 1.74 | 1.9×10⁻⁷ (0.014) | 0.51 | 0.89 | 0.03 | 0.86 (1.0) | < 0.01 |
| | 7 | 110,855,373 | 0.99 | 3.69 | 6.3×10⁻¹⁰ (4.4×10⁻⁴) | 0.94 | 0.95 | 0.07 | 0.75 (1.0) | 0.01 |
| | 8 | 126,761,299 | 0.90 | -1.04 | 3.8×10⁻⁷ (0.018) | 0.59 | 0.97 | -0.70 | 0.023 (0.90) | 0.01 |
| | 9 | 128,205,378 | 0.67 | 0.19 | 0.21 (0.99) | < 0.01 | 0.74 | 0.55 | 2.3×10⁻⁶ (3.0×10⁻³) | 0.89 |
| | 9 | 146,679,383 | 0.81 | -0.73 | 3.5×10⁻⁶ (0.037) | 0.72 | 0.95 | -0.54 | 0.010 (0.72) | < 0.01 |
| GY | 10 | 94,059,383 | 0.96 | 0.05 | 0.88 (1.0) | < 0.01 | 0.95 | 2.23 | 1.3×10⁻²⁵ (4.2×10⁻²⁰) | 0.99 |
| | 10 | 94,453,179 | 0.97 | 0.80 | 0.041 (0.88) | < 0.01 | 0.93 | 2.12 | 9.6×10⁻³¹ (2.4×10⁻²⁴) | 1.01 |
| GY | 7 | 175,528,863 | 0.79 | -0.05 | 0.54 (0.99) | 0.04 | 0.97 | -1.09 | 2.0×10⁻⁸ (0.013) | 0.70 |

Values in bold describe high-confidence QTL (FDR ≤ 0.05 and WPIP ≥ 0.5). Chr.: Chromosome; Position: physical location; AF: frequency of the major allele (as per the Hapmap 3.2.1 panel) among female parents; Effect: estimated effect of minor allele from GWAS; p (FDR): p-value by Wald tests and false discovery rate estimated by the method of Benjamini and Hochberg (1995); WPIP: posterior inclusion probability for non-zero SNP effects in 500-kb sliding windows (250-kb steps), based on BSLMM (Guan and Stephens 2011).